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Issued November 20, 1913.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

A. D. MELVIN, CHIEF OF BUREAU.

STATE SANITARY REQUIREMENTS
GOVERNING ADMISSION OF
LIVE STOCK.

Superseding Issue of December 26, 1911.



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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY,
Washington, D. C., September 12, 1913.

TO BUREAU EMPLOYEES :

The following information respecting State requirements for live stock entering the various States was obtained by the bureau through communications with the accredited officials of each State. Persons desiring fuller information on the subject of State laws and regulations should communicate directly with said officials.

JOHN R. MOHLER,
Acting Chief of Bureau.

Approved :

D. F. HOUSTON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

STATE SANITARY REQUIREMENTS GOVERNING ADMISSION OF LIVE STOCK.

ALABAMA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, and if exposed to glanders, mallein test chart must accompany same. Designate each animal as mare, gelding, stallion, jack, jennet, horse mule, or mare mule.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test, except calves under 6 months old and cattle intended for immediate slaughter. Calves from tuberculous mothers not admitted. Cattle for feeding, affidavit by owner that he will keep them separate from other cattle during feeding period.

No ticky cattle, horses, or mules shall be brought into Alabama.

Hogs.—Health certificate stating no exposure to cholera or other contagious disease.

Sheep.—Health certificate.

Who may inspect.—Any legally qualified veterinarian who is indorsed by his State veterinarian or by the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Official.—Dr. C. A. Cary, State veterinarian, Auburn, Ala., to whom copy of all certificates must be sent.

ARIZONA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, preferably including mallein test.

Cattle.—Health certificate. Tuberculin test for dairy or breeding cattle.

Hogs.—Health certificate and isolation at destination two weeks or until released by State veterinarian.

Sheep.—Health certificate for all. Certificate of dipping under official supervision when from any territory classed by the Government as infected.

Who may inspect.—Horses, cattle, and hogs: Any State, Federal, or county veterinarian, or other veterinarian when his certificate is approved by the State veterinarian or State sanitary board at point of origin. Sheep: Federal veterinarian.

Official.—Dr. W. E. Severn, State veterinarian, Phoenix, Ariz., to whom duplicate certificate should be sent in advance.

ARKANSAS.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Health certificate for dairy or breeding cattle, including tuberculin test by official veterinarians.

Hogs.—Must be free from and not exposed to contagious or infectious disease. Swine for exhibition at fairs must be immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles serum method and be accompanied by certificate showing same.

Sheep.—Must be free from and not exposed to contagious or infectious disease.

Who may inspect.—Veterinary inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry or official veterinarians of the State of origin.

Official.—Dr. R. M. Gow, agricultural experiment station, Fayetteville, Ark.

CALIFORNIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Dairy or breeding cattle over 6 months of age must be accompanied by health certificate, including tuberculin test, showing each animal in the shipment to have been carefully examined and subjected to the tuberculin test, and, further, that they are free from any suspicious symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases. There must be attached to the health certificate a signed statement by the owner, consignor, or shipper certifying that none of the animals has previously reacted to the tuberculin test within three months, and that none has been subjected to any treatment designed to negative the action of the tuberculin test.

If for exhibition purposes, cattle may be shipped into California without tuberculin test on permit from the State veterinarian of California. Said permit must be attached to the waybill.

Cattle for slaughter or feeding purposes need not be accompanied by health certificate or tuberculin test, provided they do not originate in States or parts of States under Federal quarantine for southern cattle fever or other infectious or contagious diseases. A signed statement by the owner or shipper must accompany slaughter or feeding cattle showing purpose for which same cattle are being brought into the State.

Hogs.—Health certificate.

Sheep.—In accordance with Federal regulations.

Who may inspect.—Any qualified veterinarian who is a graduate of a duly recognized and accredited veterinary college.

Official.—Dr. Charles Keane, State veterinarian, Sacramento, Cal.

COLORADO.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test.

Cattle.—Health certificate and tuberculin-test chart for bulls for breeding purposes and female cattle over 6 months old intended for dairy purposes.

Hogs.—Hogs for breeding purposes must be accompanied by affidavit from owner or seller showing them to be free from hog cholera or exposure thereto and a copy of same be sent to the State veterinarian of Colorado. Cars carrying hogs destined to Colorado for purposes other than immediate slaughter must, before loading, be properly disinfected as required by the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Sheep.—In compliance with regulations issued by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarians, State or Federal, or a licensed veterinarian whose certificate is approved by the State veterinarian or like officer.

Official.—Dr. W. W. Yard, State veterinarian, Denver, Colo.

CONNECTICUT.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—For neat cattle over 6 months of age, health certificate, including tuberculin-test chart, properly filled out and certified to by a qualified veterinarian in any other State who is approved by the authority having jurisdiction of diseases of domestic animals in that State. This certificate must contain a description of each animal, including age, breed, sex, and color, or numbered ear tags, so that animals may be easily identified. When certificate as above described is not provided, neat cattle may be taken into the State under a permit from the commissioner on domestic animals and held in quarantine at the place designated until examined and released by the commissioner or his agent.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Commissioner or his agent.

Official.—Hon. J. O. Phelps, commissioner on domestic animals, Simsbury, Conn.

DELAWARE.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Cattle for dairy or breeding purposes admitted to the State on permit from the live-stock sanitary board or must be accompanied by certificate, including tuberculin-test chart, showing animals to be free from tuberculosis.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Federal or State inspector, or veterinarian whose certificate must be approved by State live-stock sanitary board.

Official.—Dr. J. R. Kuhns, secretary State live-stock sanitary board, Dover, Del.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Permit from Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry or health officer District of Columbia, and,

except for cattle for immediate slaughter, certificate of tuberculin test by a veterinary inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or an official veterinarian of the health department of the District of Columbia or of the State from which the animal is brought. Said certificate must show the place and the date of test and be issued within 30 days of date of entry; also temperature chart, description of the animal or animals, age, markings, and tag numbers if tagged.

Cattle for immediate slaughter may enter the District of Columbia without the tuberculin test, but must be accompanied by a permit as indicated above and tagged by an official of the Bureau of Animal Industry or of the District of Columbia before entry, except that cattle under 6 months old, castrated cattle, and cattle shipped in cars consigned to an establishment having United States meat inspection may enter the District of Columbia for immediate slaughter without permit or tagging.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Officials.—Dr. A. D. Melvin, Chief, Bureau of Animal Industry, Washington, D. C.; Dr. W. C. Woodward, health officer, Washington, D. C.

FLORIDA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—None.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

The State law provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to bring into the State or to offer for sale any live stock suffering from contagious or infectious diseases.

Who may inspect.—None needed.

Official.—Dr. Charles F. Dawson, veterinarian to State board of health, Jacksonville, Fla.

GEORGIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—All cows, heifers, or bulls shipped or driven into the State must be accompanied by a health cer-

tificate including tuberculin-test record, and on order of proper State official are subject to retest in from 30 to 60 days after arrival in the State. Dairy and breeding cattle destined to the State of Georgia from the States of Illinois or New York must be held and tuberculin tested on arrival unless accompanied by a certificate of tuberculin test made and issued by a veterinarian of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry. Any cattle not accompanied by a certificate as above described must be held at the State line until inspected and certified to by the State veterinarian of Georgia or his duly accredited deputy, the expense of such inspection to be paid by the owner of said cattle.

All cattle destined to Georgia must be free of ticks and the owner or shipper must make the following affidavit:

-----Ga., -----191 .

I, -----, under oath, declare that I have carefully inspected and disinfected the following-described cattle, complying with the provisions of the law regulating the suppression and control of infectious and contagious diseases of live stock in the State of Georgia, and the supplemental rules issued for this purpose by the Department of Agriculture, and offer them for shipment from -----, in ----- County, to -----, in ----- County, of Georgia, via ----- Describe the cattle here -----

These cattle are free of ticks. Should they, upon inspection, while in transit, be found infested with ticks, I agree to pay all cost incidental to feeding and disinfection while these cattle are held in quarantine, this cost to be a bona fide lien upon these cattle which shall be paid before the cattle are delivered at destination.

(Owner)

(Signed) -----

(Agent)

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Federal veterinarians, State veterinarians, or properly qualified deputies.

Official.—Dr. Peter F. Bahnsen, State veterinarian, Atlanta, Ga.

IDAHO.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate including mallein-test chart.

Cattle.—Health certificate including tuberculin-test chart.

Hogs.—Health certificate showing hogs to have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles serum method within 15 days from date of shipment into State. Said certificate must also state that cholera has not existed on the premises from whence the hogs were shipped for a period of at least 6 months prior to date of shipment.

Sheep.—Bucks must be dipped, under State supervision, upon arrival. Sheep can not come farther than 2 miles within the State line until inspected by livestock inspector in this State.

Who may inspect.—Federal, State, and properly qualified assistant State veterinarians.

Official.—Dr. V. C. White, State veterinarian, Boise, Idaho.

ILLINOIS.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—None, except Texas fever.

Hogs.—None.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarian and his assistants.

Officials.—Dr. O. E. Dyson, State veterinarian, Live Stock Record Building, Union Stockyards, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. C. A. Lowery, secretary State board of livestock commissioners, Springfield, Ill.

INDIANA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Certificate of soundness for stallions and jacks along with affidavit showing

them to be free from contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases.

Cattle.—Cattle intended for breeding or dairy purposes must be tuberculin tested and tagged with Indiana State tags. If the cattle are from the State of Illinois, they must be held and tuberculin tested on arrival unless accompanied by a certificate of tuberculin test made and issued by a veterinarian of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry. Cattle for feeding purposes must be accompanied by affidavit to that effect.

Hogs.—Hogs shipped into the State for breeding purposes are required to have health certificate showing them to be free from infectious diseases or exposure thereto, and that they originated in territory where cholera did not exist. Feeding hogs subject to quarantine and vaccination after arriving at destination.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Veterinary inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry or authorized State or deputy State veterinarians.

Official.—Dr. A. F. Nelson, State veterinarian, Indianapolis, Ind.

IOWA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test.

Cattle.—For dairy and breeding purposes, health certificate, including tuberculin test.

Cattle other than dairy and breeding cattle, except steers and cattle for immediate slaughter, shall be accompanied by a certificate of health and an affidavit certifying that the title of such cattle will not be transferred and that they will not be used for other purposes than feeding or slaughter without first notifying the State veterinarian and having them subjected to the tuberculin test.

Hogs.—Except for immediate slaughter, must be accompanied by a certificate of health certifying that

they have been immunized with Dorset-McBride-Niles anti-hog-cholera serum not more than 30 days prior to date of importation when the serum alone is used; and not less than 30 days prior to date of importation when the simultaneous method is used.

Sheep.—Health certificate.

Who may inspect.—Federal, State, or assistant State veterinarians, or any graduate veterinarian whose certificate is indorsed by the parties having charge of live-stock sanitation in the State where shipment originates.

Official.—Dr. J. I. Gibson, State veterinarian, Des Moines, Iowa.

KANSAS.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test.

Cattle.—Tuberculin test certificate for dairy and breeding cattle. Health certificate for cattle from territory under quarantine by Federal Government on account of Texas fever ticks or scabies.

Dairy or breeding cattle originating in the States of Illinois or New York must be accompanied by a tuberculin-test certificate issued by an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, otherwise the shipment will be quarantined upon arrival in Kansas and inspected or tested by State officials at owner's expense.

Hogs.—Hogs for breeding and stocking purposes or for exhibition at any fair within the State must be accompanied by a certificate showing them to have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles serum method, unless otherwise provided for by the live-stock sanitary commissioner at time of shipment.

Sheep.—Health certificate from authorized inspector when from scabies-infected districts, unless intended for immediate slaughter.

Who may inspect.—Inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry, veterinarians and inspectors having a

commission from the State live-stock sanitary commissioner.

Official.—Sam S. Graybill, live-stock sanitary commissioner, Topeka, Kans.

KENTUCKY.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate issued within four days prior to date of shipment showing animals to be free from contagious and infectious diseases communicable to man.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test chart, except for cattle for immediate slaughter. Cattle originating in the State of Illinois destined to Kentucky must be accompanied by tuberculin test certificate issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry. Southern cattle admitted for purposes other than immediate slaughter during January, November, and December, on certification by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry as being free from any symptoms of Texas fever.

Hogs.—All swine imported into the State of Kentucky, except for immediate slaughter, must be accompanied by a certificate of health stating that no infectious swine disease exists or has existed on the farm from which such shipment originated, within a period of six months, save where swine are certified by a duly accredited Federal or deputy State veterinarian as having been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera serum; then such swine shall be admitted without hindrance and upon the above specified certificate only. Swine for exhibition purposes at State or county fairs must be accompanied by a certificate stating that such swine have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera serum prepared or approved by the United States Department of Agriculture. To prospective exhibitors from the State of Kentucky the required amount of serum will be furnished at the rate of 1 cent per cubic centimeter, as

fixed by law, upon application to the experiment station, and said serum will be administered at the fair grounds.

No public sale of purebred hogs shall be held within the State of Kentucky without the owner having first received a permit and certificate of health from the State veterinarian, or from a commissioned veterinarian of the State board of health.

Sheep.—Sheep intended for purposes other than immediate slaughter shall be accompanied by certificate from an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry showing them to have been dipped once within 10 days of date of entry in either a lime and sulphur or a nicotine dip.

Who may inspect.—Veterinary inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, State veterinarians, and assistants.

Officials.—Robert Graham, State veterinarian, Lexington, Ky.; Hon. J. W. Newman, chairman, State live-stock sanitary board, Frankfort, Ky.

LOUISIANA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate showing freedom from all contagious, infectious, and communicable diseases.

Cattle.—Dairy and breeding cattle shall be free from tuberculosis and must be tested with tuberculin before entering State. Owner or agent of cattle must mail certificate to secretary and executive officer of State live-stock sanitary board immediately following arrival of cattle at destination. No tuberculin test required for cattle under six months old; calves from tuberculous cows shall be rejected.

Hogs.—Health certificate from qualified veterinarian 24 hours before shipping, showing freedom from infectious, contagious, or communicable disease.

Sheep.—Health certificate from qualified veterinarian 24 hours before shipping, showing freedom from infectious, contagious, or communicable disease.

Who may inspect.—All qualified veterinarians in the State deputed by board to make such inspections.

Official.—Dr. E. Pegram Flower, secretary and executive officer of State live-stock sanitary board, Baton Rouge, La.

MAINE.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Any person or persons bringing horses into the State of Maine must have a permit and shall notify the live-stock sanitary commissioner within 48 hours after their arrival, who shall at once cause the same to be examined either by a physical examination or to be tested with mallein, or the blood test used, at the expense of the owner, and if an animal is found to be glandered no compensation shall be allowed. No permit or examination will be required for horses used in circuses or to perform on the stage.

Cattle.—That no neat stock (calves, cows, steers, oxen, or bulls) or stags of any age shall be allowed to enter the State from any other State or country, either for dairy purposes or for slaughter (except cattle in transit under the control of the Federal Government), without a permit duly authorized by the live-stock sanitary commissioner, said permit to accompany the shipment. Such animals shall be tested with tuberculin within 30 days of arrival, regardless of any other test made, and shall be held in quarantine upon the premises of the owner until released by the live-stock sanitary commissioner.

Hogs.—Swine imported into Maine shall be kept in quarantine for 90 days on the premises of the owner, who shall notify the live-stock sanitary commissioner upon the arrival; said quarantine may be sooner removed by said commissioner.

Sheep.—None.

Transportation companies (express, railroad, or steamship) shall notify the live-stock sanitary commissioner of the arrival of live stock at their destination.

Who may inspect.—Qualified veterinarians authorized by the live-stock sanitary commissioner.

Official.—Dr. A. Joly, live-stock sanitary commissioner, Waterville, Me.

MARYLAND.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Health certificate for feeding cattle, and tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle, accompanied by test chart.

Hogs.—Health certificate.

Sheep.—Health certificate.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarian, deputies, and inspectors of the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry.

Official.—Dr. L. Hickman, chief veterinary inspector, 120 N. High St., Baltimore, Md.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test, unless for immediate slaughter or calves under 6 months old. Certificates of test made by veterinarians in other States are accepted if approved by the proper live-stock sanitary authorities in those States.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Commissioner of Animal Industry or his agents.

Official.—Mr. Fred F. Walker, commissioner of animal industry, Boston, Mass.

MICHIGAN.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate for dairy and breeding cattle, including tuberculin test.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Veterinarians graduated from an accredited veterinary college.

Officials.—Dr. Geo. W. Dunphy, State veterinarian, Lansing, Mich.; Mr. H. H. Halladay, president, live-stock sanitary commission, Clinton, Mich.

MINNESOTA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—All branded horses, mules, or asses imported into Minnesota must be accompanied by a health certificate, including mallein test, certifying that animals have been examined and mallein tested within 30 days prior to date of shipment and found free from glanders.

Cattle.—Cattle for breeding or dairy purposes must be tuberculin tested. Cattle for dairy or breeding originating in the State of Illinois must be held and tuberculin tested on arrival unless accompanied by a certificate of tuberculin test made and issued by a veterinarian of the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry.

Cattle of New York State must show certificate of health and tuberculin test issued and made by an inspector of the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry, or the chief veterinarian of the New York department of health.

Hogs.—Health certificate.

Sheep.—Health certificate.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarians or assistants, Federal veterinarians, and veterinarians acting under authority of State live-stock sanitary board.

Official.—Dr. S. H. Ward, secretary and executive officer, live-stock sanitary board, Old Capitol, St. Paul, Minn.

MISSISSIPPI.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Health certificate. Tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle.

Hogs.—Health certificate.

Sheep.—Health certificate.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarian, assistant State veterinarians, inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry.

Official.—Prof. A. Smith, secretary, State live-stock sanitary board, Agricultural College, Miss.

MISSOURI.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate showing freedom from all contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases.

Cattle.—Health certificate for dairy and breeding cattle, including tuberculin test. If any animal in a lot inspected is found tuberculous, the words “exposed to tuberculosis on day of inspection” shall be written on the certificate of health of such animals as pass. Cattle for pasturing, feeding, or immediate slaughter admitted on permit from State veterinarian without tuberculin test. Regulations do not apply to cattle shipped to the public stockyards at Kansas City, St. Joseph, and St. Louis, or for exhibition at any fair or live-stock show.

Hogs.—Health certificate, except for immediate slaughter, including statement of nonexposure except where swine are certified by State or Federal veterinarians as having been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles serum method.

Sheep.—Health certificate except when intended for immediate slaughter. Exposed sheep must be dipped twice at intervals of ten days in lime-and-sulphur or nicotine dip, under the supervision of Federal or State authorities.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarian, State or Federal, or graduate veterinarian, whose certificate shall be approved in writing by State veterinarian or like officer.

Official.—Dr. D. F. Luckey, State veterinarian, Columbia, Mo.

MONTANA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test.

Stallions.—Every person, firm, or company importing any stallion or jack into the State of Montana for

breeding purposes shall first secure a certificate from a recognized State or Federal veterinarian, certifying that said animal is free from such diseases or unsoundness defined as infectious, contagious, or transmissible diseases or unsoundness.

One copy of the certificate of soundness must accompany the shipment and one copy must be mailed to the Secretary of stallion registration board, Bozeman, Mont., at least 10 days before the importation of said stallion or jack into the State. No stallion or jack which is neither purebred nor grade shall be imported into the State for breeding purposes. A grade is defined as an animal whose sire or dam, but not both, is a registered purebred animal.

Cattle.—For dairy or breeding purposes, health certificate, including tuberculin test. For feeding purposes, health certificate.

Swine.—Health certificate stating that no infectious swine disease has existed in the locality in which the swine originate for a period of six months prior to shipment, or a certificate by a duly accredited State or Federal veterinarian showing them to have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles serum for hog cholera.

Sheep.—For grazing purposes, health certificate by Federal inspector showing freedom from contagious diseases or exposure thereto and in addition a permit from the State veterinary surgeon of Montana. Bucks for breeding purposes shall be dipped twice in lime-and-sulphur or tobacco dip with an interval of 10 days between dippings and thereafter quarantined for a period of not less than 90 days, inspections and dippings to be at the expense of owner or shipper.

All live stock originating in the States of Illinois, South Dakota, and New York destined to Montana must be accompanied by health certificate, in accordance with above requirements, issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, otherwise they will be held at State line for inspection by a representative of the live-stock sanitary board of Montana at the owner's expense.

Who may inspect.—Federal, State, and deputy State veterinarians.

Official.—Dr. W. J. Butler, State veterinary surgeon, Helena, Mont.

NEBRASKA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—For dairy or breeding purposes over 6 months old, health certificate including tuberculin test. For feeding, grazing, or range purposes, permit from the deputy State veterinarian of Nebraska without tuberculin test. If not accompanied by a health certificate, cattle will be inspected at destination at owner's expense. For exhibition purposes permit from deputy State veterinarian without tuberculin test, provided accompanied by proper health certificate. Exhibition cattle remaining in the State three months or more shall be subject to tuberculin test at owner's expense. Cattle for immediate slaughter admitted without inspection. Cattle originating in the States of Illinois and New York shall not be transported, traileed, or driven into the State of Nebraska unless accompanied by certificate of health and tuberculin test issued by an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Hogs.—Certificate of health showing freedom from all contagious and infectious diseases and that no contagious disease has existed in the locality in which the shipment originated for a period of six months previous to the time of shipment. Railroad cars used for such shipments must be thoroughly disinfected with a 5 per cent solution of carbolic acid before hogs are loaded. Such hogs shall not be unloaded while in transit into any public stockyard. If feeding and watering are necessary, it must be done in the car. No hogs intended for shipment into the State of Nebraska shall be loaded from or unloaded into any public stockyards or ordinary chutes, but must be loaded from wagons and unloaded in the same manner. Hogs shipped to public stockyards for immedi-

ate slaughter where Government inspection is maintained need no inspection.

Sheep.—Health certificate stating that they are free from all contagious and infectious diseases. When such shipments originate in a territory where lip-and-leg ulceration or scabies exists, the certificate must show freedom from these diseases.

All shipments of any live stock coming into Nebraska without a proper health certificate as above indicated shall be reported to the deputy State veterinarian by railroad agent at destination. Such live stock will be allowed to be taken to the final destination, but will be quarantined on the premises of the owner for inspection and test by an authorized agent of the State at owner's expense. All animals found to be diseased will be disposed of as directed by the deputy State veterinarian.

Who may inspect.—Federal or State veterinarians, or graduate veterinarians authorized by the deputy State veterinarian.

Official.—Dr. L. C. Kigin, deputy State veterinarian, Lincoln, Nebr.

NEVADA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein-test certificate. Physical examination of stallions and jacks for dourine. Certificate and records of mallein test mailed to State quarantine board, veterinary division, University of Nevada, Reno, Nev., on day of shipment.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin-test certificate for dairy and breeding cattle. Exception made in case of range cattle transferred from the ranges of other States to the ranges of Nevada. In lieu of certificate of inspection owner must mail a statement giving the origin and destination of shipment and the number of bulls, cows, steers, and calves included in same.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—Before entrance into State for grazing, must notify board (State sheep commission), or any

inspector, in writing. Notice not required for sheep in transit unless they remain in State or are unloaded to feed and rest for a longer period than 48 hours.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarians, veterinarians of agricultural colleges and experiment stations, Federal veterinary quarantine officers, or graduate veterinarians certified to by State veterinarians or live-stock sanitary officials.

Officials.—State quarantine board, veterinary division, University of Nevada, Reno, Nev. Dr. J. J. Gallagher, executive officer, State sheep commissioners, Lovelock, Nev., or Mr. G. D. Wolfensparger, secretary, State sheep commission, Reno, Nev.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Horses, mulcs, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Qualified veterinarians.

Official.—N. J. Bachelder, secretary, board of cattle commissioners, Concord, N. H.

NEW JERSEY.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate for dairy and breeding cattle, including tuberculin test.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarians of the State, or competent veterinarian whose health certificate is approved in writing by State officials.

Official.—Dr. Jacob C. Price, secretary, State board of health, Trenton, N. J.

NEW MEXICO.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test, for dairy cattle or cattle intended for the breeding of dairy cattle.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—Health certificate. Bucks must be dipped at unloading point.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarian, State or Federal, for cattle. Sheep must be inspected by a Federal veterinarian before shipment, and by State inspector at destination.

Officials.—W. J. Linwood, secretary, cattle sanitary board, Albuquerque, N. Mex.; R. H. Crews, secretary, sheep sanitary board, Albuquerque, N. Mex.

NEW YORK.

The movement into the State of New York of domestic animals suffering from any contagious or infectious disease is prohibited, and persons bringing animals into the State are held responsible.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Must be free from contagious or infectious disease.

Cattle.—Neat cattle for dairy or breeding purposes must be accompanied by certificate of health showing satisfactory tuberculin-test record, such test to be made by a veterinarian approved by proper official of his State, or if not so accompanied must be held in quarantine at destination within State until duly examined by a representative of the State department of agriculture and released.

Hogs.—Must be free from contagious or infectious disease.

Sheep.—Must be free from contagious or infectious disease.

Who may inspect.—Federal inspectors, inspectors indorsed by the proper official of the State from which the shipment comes, and the commissioner of agriculture, or duly authorized representatives.

Official.—Dr. J. G. Wills, chief veterinarian, Albany, N. Y.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Horses and asses.—Health certificate when for breeding purposes.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including certificate of tuberculin test when for breeding or dairy purposes.

Hogs.—Health certificate for breeding purposes.

Sheep.—Health certificate for breeding purposes.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarians, or any veterinarian whose certificate he will indorse; also United States inspectors.

Official.—Dr. B. B. Flowe, State veterinarian, Raleigh, N. C.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test made within 30 days prior to entry into State. Certificate for stallions should, in addition, show the animals to be free from infectious, contagious or transmissible disease or unsoundness.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle or calves, other than those classed as strictly range cattle.

Breeding or dairy cattle originating in the State of New York must be accompanied by a health certificate, including tuberculin test, issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry. Live stock of any class originating in the State of Illinois and destined to North Dakota must be accompanied by a certificate issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Swine.—Health certificate stating that no infectious swine disease exists or has existed in locality from which the shipment originated within six months prior to date of shipment, unless the swine are certified by a duly accredited Federal or State veterinarian as having been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera immune serum. Swine brought into State for exhibition purposes at State and county fairs must be accompanied by a certificate stating that such swine have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera serum.

Sheep.—Health certificate showing them to be free from scabies, lip-and-leg ulceration, or exposure thereto within 30 days prior to date of shipment.

All live stock of any class originating in the State of South Dakota, destined to the State of North Dakota, must be accompanied by a certificate of health issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Live stock destined to Canada.—All live stock from any State not accompanied by a certificate of health issued by a veterinary inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry or a veterinarian registered with that bureau to test and inspect horses destined to Canada, must be held at the State line and inspected by an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry or an agent of the live-stock sanitary board of North Dakota; the expense of said inspection to be paid by the owner of the stock.

Who may inspect.—Federal, State, or deputy State veterinarian, or graduate veterinarian whose inspections are indorsed by officials in charge of live-stock sanitary work in the State where inspection is made.

Officials.—Dr. W. F. Crewe, State veterinarian, Bismarck, N. Dak.; L. Van Es, bacteriologist, State live-stock sanitary board, Fargo, N. Dak.

OHIO.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, veterinarians in the employ of the State board of live-stock commissioners, and veterinarians whose competency, trustworthiness, and reliability are vouched for by the authority in charge of the control of animal diseases in the State from which the animals are shipped into Ohio.

Official.—Dr. Paul Fischer, State veterinarian, Columbus, Ohio.

OKLAHOMA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, stating particularly that stock is free from ticks.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test for dairy or breeding cattle.

Hogs.—For purposes other than immediate slaughter, certificate showing that they have not been exposed to hog cholera for at least six months previous to time of shipment and that cars containing them were cleaned and disinfected; that they were not loaded or unloaded en route into public stockyards or stock pens; on arrival at destination they shall not be unloaded in railroad stockyards or stock pens.

Sheep.—None, other than compliance with Federal regulations when shipped from areas under quarantine for scabies.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarian, Federal or State, or graduate licensed veterinarian.

Officials.—Leslie Bush, superintendent live-stock inspection, Oklahoma, Okla.; Drs. Ben Dobkins and J. K. Callicotte, Oklahoma, Okla., veterinarians to the State board of agriculture.

OREGON.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate including the mallein, complement-fixation, or other officially accepted test.

Cattle.—Health certificate, except for immediate slaughter, including the tuberculin test for all dairy and breeding cattle and such dairy and breeding cattle as may be imported, directly or indirectly, from the State of Illinois into the State of Oregon, must be held and tuberculin tested on arrival unless accompanied by a certificate of tuberculin test made and issued by a veterinarian of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Hogs.—Health certificate, except for immediate slaughter, stating that no infectious disease exists or has existed in the locality from which said shipment originated within a period of six months prior to ship-

ment, save and unless the swine are certified by a duly accredited Federal or State veterinarian as having been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera immune serum. All swine for other than immediate slaughter shipped or moved within or into the State of Oregon must be moved only in thoroughly cleaned and disinfected cars and loaded and unloaded through hog-cholera-free or disinfected yards, pens, corrals, and chutes.

Sheep.—Health certificate from States in quarantine. Animals must be free from disease. Notice must be given State veterinarian or nearest deputy, stating by telegraph, telephone, registered letter, or in person, time and place when and where sheep crossed State line, locality from which they came, name and residence of owner or owners and person in control of same, and numbers, brands, and character of the animals. Sheep from quarantined States must be dipped once.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarians, State or Federal; graduate veterinarians when approved in writing by State veterinarian or like officer for animals, excepting sheep. Sheep to be inspected by official veterinarians only, State or Federal.

Officials.—Dr. W. H. Lytle, State veterinarian and secretary State live-stock sanitary board, Salem, Oreg.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Must be free from transmissible diseases.

Cattle.—Apparently healthy calves under 6 months of age and those older for immediate slaughter can be admitted without a health certificate or tuberculin test. Southern cattle for immediate slaughter and those for temporary exhibition purposes can be admitted only on a special permit. All others are to be accompanied by health certificate and a satisfactory tuberculin test.

Hogs.—Must be free from transmissible diseases.

Sheep.—Must be free from transmissible diseases.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarian, officially certified inspectors in the State from which cattle originate, agents of the Pennsylvania State live-stock sanitary board, and inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Official.—Dr. C. J. Marshall, State veterinarian and secretary State live-stock sanitary board, Harrisburg, Pa.

RHODE ISLAND.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Physical examination.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Cattle commissioners of Rhode Island.

Official.—Dr. John S. Pollard, State veterinarian, Providence, R. I.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate. Mallein test of any exposed animals.

Cattle.—Health certificate except when intended for immediate slaughter. Tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle over 6 months old.

Hogs.—Health certificate except when intended for immediate slaughter.

Sheep.—Health certificate except when intended for immediate slaughter.

Who may inspect.—Official veterinarians, State or Federal.

Official.—Dr. M. Ray Powers, State veterinarian, Clemson College, S. C.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, including mallein test.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test of dairy and breeding cattle.

certified to as being free from contagious abortion. The tests to have been made not more than 20 days next prior to date of shipment from State of origin.

Cattle.—For dairy or breeding purposes, health certificate stating that they are not affected with contagious abortion, and that they have been examined and subjected to the tuberculin test within 40 days prior to shipment and are free from tuberculosis or other contagious disease. In tuberculin and mallein tests at least 3 temperatures must be taken before the injection of tuberculin or mallein, and these not more than 3 hours apart, and 4 temperatures taken after injection not more than 2 hours apart, and beginning not earlier than 10 hours after injection.

Swine.—All swine shipped into the State must be accompanied by health certificate stating that they are free from any infectious or communicable diseases and that no such disease has existed on the premises from which the swine were shipped for a period of at least 6 months prior to shipment. Further, said certificate must show that the swine have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera serum within 10 days of the date of shipment.

Who may inspect.—Veterinary inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, State or deputy State veterinarians of the State in which the shipment originated.

Official.—Dr. A. Carrington Young, State inspector, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Sheep.—When any owner or person in charge of sheep desires to bring such sheep into the State from an adjoining State, they shall notify the State board of sheep commissioners in writing of such intention at least 10 days before entering the State, indicating the time and place where such sheep shall enter. Provided, however, that no notice will be required when sheep are in transit through the State on railroad cars.

Officials.—C. W. Jones, president, and A. A. Callister, secretary, State board of sheep commissioners, Salt Lake City, Utah.

VERMONT.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Must be accompanied by one of the three documents enumerated below :

(a) Permit from Vermont live-stock commissioner as for cattle.

(b) Certificate of inspection by a veterinarian whose competency and reliability are certified to by the authorities charged with the control of live-stock sanitary work in the State in which inspection has been made.

(c) Certificate of inspection and mallein test signed by an inspector in the employ of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Cattle.—Must be accompanied by a permit from Vermont live-stock commissioner specifying the number of head and the State or country from which shipment is made, and destination in Vermont.

Hogs.—None.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Live-stock commissioner and his veterinarians. Tests made in another State for shipment into Vermont are accepted when approved by the proper official of that State.

Official.—F. L. Davis, live-stock commissioner, White River Junction, Vt.

VIRGINIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—Health certificate for dairy and breeding cattle, including tuberculin test, made within the preceding four months.

Hogs.—Brought into Virginia for purposes other than immediate slaughter to be accompanied by certificate of health by qualified veterinarian, properly indorsed by officials of State of origin, showing animals to be free from cholera or exposure thereto for period of six weeks prior to shipment. Said certificate of health must be presented to State veterinarian of Virginia and approved by him before the animals shall be received into State.

Sheep.—None.

Who may inspect.—Inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, State veterinarians, and qualified veterinarians whose certificates are approved in writing by the State veterinarian or live-stock sanitary official of the State in which animals originate.

Official.—Dr. J. G. Ferneyhough, State veterinarian, Burkeville, Va.

WASHINGTON.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Physical inspection.

Cattle.—Tuberculin test for dairy and breeding cattle. Physical inspection for beef and feeding cattle.

Hogs.—Physical inspection.

Sheep.—Physical inspection.

Who may inspect.—State veterinarian, assistant State veterinarians, and inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Official.—J. H. Perkins, commissioner of agriculture, Olympia, Wash.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Horses, mules, and asses.—None.

Cattle.—None.

Hogs.—None.

Who may inspect.—None needed.

Official.—H. E. Williams, commissioner of agriculture, Charleston, W. Va.

WISCONSIN.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate, giving description of each animal. Those animals known to have been exposed to glanders should be mallein tested.

Cattle.—Health certificate, including tuberculin test for breeding and dairy cattle over six months old. Shippers must file with the bill of lading a copy of such inspection or a written or telegraphic permit from the Wisconsin State veterinarian to ship such animals into Wisconsin, subject to inspection. Railroads, steamship lines, and common carriers are prohibited

from accepting such stock for shipment into Wisconsin except as above stated. Cattle for immediate slaughter may be shipped to destination when so designated by shipper, and such shipper and railroad or common carrier must notify the State veterinarian of such shipment.

Cattle for feeding and grazing purposes. Owner must notify State authorities at once of such shipment. Railroads and common carriers must immediately notify the State veterinarian of the receipt of such shipment.

Sheep.—None.

Hogs.—Except for immediate slaughter, health certificate stating that the hogs have been immunized by serum and virus not *less* than 30 days prior to shipment or with serum alone not *more* than 7 days prior to shipment.

Who may inspect.—Federal, State, assistant State, or veterinarians whose integrity and competency are vouched for by the officials in charge in the State of origin.

Official.—Dr. O. H. Eliason, State veterinarian and secretary of Wisconsin live-stock sanitary board, Madison, Wis.

WYOMING.

Horses, mules, and asses.—Health certificate.

Cattle.—Neat cattle, health certificate. All dairy cattle, bulls, and female cattle, registered or purebred, over 6 months old, health certificate, including tuberculin test. Cattle originating in an area under Federal quarantine for any disease must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

Hogs.—For purposes other than immediate slaughter, health certificate, showing them free from all contagious, infectious, and communicable diseases, and certifying that no infectious swine disease exists or has existed in the locality from which said shipment originated within the period of 6 months; otherwise

certificate must show that they have been immunized by the Dorset-McBride-Niles hog-cholera serum not more than 30 days prior to date of shipment.

Live stock of any class originating in the States of Illinois and New York must be accompanied by certificate of health or test chart issued by an inspector of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, otherwise the shipment will be quarantined upon arrival in the State and inspected or tested at owner's expense.

Who may inspect.—Veterinary inspectors of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, State veterinarians, or authorized deputies or assistants, or a graduate veterinarian whose reliability and competency are certified to by the proper State authorities in which the animals originate.

Official.—Dr. B. F. Davis, State veterinarian, Cheyenne, Wyo.

Sheep.—Send 10 days' notice to secretary, State board of sheep commissioners, Cheyenne, Wyo., inclosing 3 cents for each sheep and 25 cents for each buck. All sheep to be dipped twice at destination within 15 days after arrival in a dip prescribed or recognized by the State board of sheep commissioners for scabies.

Who may inspect.—Federal or State inspectors.

Official.—H. R. Millard, secretary-treasurer, State board of sheep commissioners, Cheyenne, Wyo.



